"Rhine 2040" The Rhine and its catchment: sustainably managed and climate-resilient

19th Intl. Conference for the Implementation of the European Water Directives

10 December 2021

Marc Daniel Heintz (Executive Secretary of the ICPR)





Internationale Kommission zum Schutz des Rheins

Commission Internationale pour la Protection du Rhin

> Internationale Commissie ter Bescherming van de Rijn

International Commission for the Protection of the Rhine

One river – nine national states





~ 200.000 km²







One of the oldest international river basin commissions



- Founded in 1950
- Convention on the Protection of the Rhine (1999)
- Groups with technical expertise
- 9 delegations + 30 observers
- Coordination of implementation of EU directives
- Objectives defined by Ministerial Conferences, implementation of measures by national states
- Consensus principle, no sanctions
- Secretariat, 3 working languages





Coordination of implementation of EU directives





Programme "Rhine 2040"



- Adopted on the 16th Conference of Rhine Ministers on 13 February 2020 in Amsterdam
- Visions, objectives and measures for:



Retrospection: history of the ICPR

1986: Sandoz Accident 1987: Rhine Action Programme 1993 + 1995: heavy flood events 1998: Action Plan on Floods 2000: Programme "Rhine 2020"









Evaluation of "Rhine 2020"





Retention volume for different development states of the Rhine



Reactivation of floodplains



Improving the river continuity of the Rhine and the programme waters for migratory fish



obstacles to migration have been made passable

Rhine 2040: visions, objectives, measures



Good water quality, vision:

The quality of water, suspended matter, sediment and biota in the Rhine and its tributaries as well as in the groundwater is good. The Rhine continues to be a usable resource for drinking water production with the simplest possible, most natural treatment processes.

6 **objectives** for

- nutrients
- micropollutants
- other pollutants
- sediments
- warning and alarm plan
- waste



Rhine 2040: visions, objectives, measures



Objective for micropollutants:

The influx of micropollutants into the water from the areas of municipal wastewater collection and treatment systems, agriculture, industry and commerce has been reduced by at least 30% in comparison to the period 2016-2018 – consistent with a longer-term ambition to further decrease pollution in the entire Rhine catchment area.

In order to be able to numerically check the reduction in influx at regular intervals and, if necessary, to increase the reduction target, the ICPR is tasked with developing a **joint evaluation system** for the reduction across the three areas by 2021.



Rhine 2040: visions, objectives, measures



Measures to reduce micropollutants:

Implementations of ICPR recommendations (2019), e. g.

- ban of certain products
- financial measures (linking subsidies to good ecological practices)
- 4th treatment stage for selected wastewater treatment plants
- information campaigns (e. g. on disposal of medicines)
- collecting x-ray contrast agents
- EU-funded pilot project on non-target screening (2021-2024)
- \rightarrow measures at source preferred (focus on diffuse sources)





Updating the ICPR's climate adaptation strategy



- update of runoff scenarios by 2023
- update of water temperature projections
 by 2024
- develop projections for water consumption / availability by 2024
- investigate effects on ecology (e. g. certain plants and migratory) by 2024
- interdisciplinary workshop in 2024
- re-formulating the strategy by 2025



Thanks for your interest !





www.iksr.org/en



marcdaniel.heintz@iksr.de

